## Quick Questions 5 Measuring Central Tendency of Grouped Data

. Place the number of the appropriate formula next to the item it describes.

- A. Grouped sample mean \_\_\_\_2\_\_
- B. Location of the grouped median \_\_\_4\_\_
- C. Grouped median 3
- D. Class midpoint 1

II. The x values for this chart are 12, 17, and 22 respectively.

- A. The first class has real class limits of 9.5 and 14.5
- B. The first class has stated class limits of \_\_10\_ and \_\_14\_.
- C. The class width is \_\_\_5\_.
- D. The midpoint of the first class is \_\_\_\_\_12\_\_.
- E. The range using real class limits is from 9.5 to 24.5.
- III. Calculate the following statistics using this frequency distribution of exam grades.

A. Mean

$$\bar{X} = \frac{\sum fx}{n} = \frac{1,401}{18} = 77.8$$

B. Median

$$L + \frac{\frac{n}{2} - CF_b}{f}(i)$$

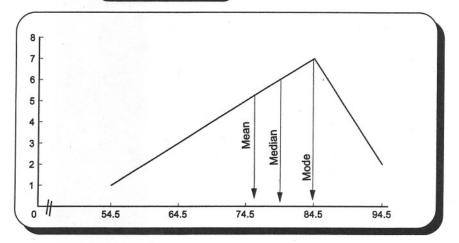
$$= 69.5 + \frac{\frac{18}{2} - 4}{5}(10)$$

$$= 69.5 + 10 = 79.5$$

C. Mode

The midpoint of the class with the highest frequency is 84.5.

IV. Draw a frequency polygon for the question III data and locate the mean, median, and mode.



V. Show the approximate location of the mean, median, and mode on the x-axis of these frequency distributions.

Curve #1

Curve #3

f Median

Median Mean

Mean Median Mode

- VI. Answer these questions using Curves #1 to #4.
  - A. Curve #1 is skewed to the left.
  - B. Curve #3 is not skewed and is said to be symmetrical or normal.
  - C. Curve #4 is <u>bimodal</u>.

Mean

D. Mean

E.

$$\frac{3(\bar{x} - Md.)}{s} = \frac{3(77.8 - 79.5)}{14.2} = \frac{3(-1.7)}{14.2} = \frac{-5.1}{14.2} = -.4$$

f Curve #4